IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

L.B. PATTON,	§	
TDCJ-CID No.579695,	§	
Petitioner,	§	
v.	§	CIVIL ACTION H-06-324
	§	
DOUGLAS DRETKE,	§	
Respondent.	§	

OPINION ON DISMISSAL

Petitioner L.B. Patton, a state inmate, seeks habeas relief from a 1980 state court conviction for attempted burglary in cause number 321548 in the 228th District Court of Harris County, Texas. (Docket Entry No.1). Petitioner's first federal habeas petition challenging this conviction was dismissed as time-barred. *Patton v. Cockrell*, Civil Action No.H:02cv4495 (S.D. Tex. Dec. 17, 2002).

The Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 (the AEDPA) requires dismissal of a second or successive petition filed by a state prisoner under § 2254 unless specified conditions are met. 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(1)-(2). A petition is successive when, as here, it raises a claim or claims challenging the petitioner's conviction or sentence that was or could have been raised in an earlier petition, or otherwise constitutes an abuse of the writ. *See In re Cain*, 137 F.3d 234, 235 (5th Cir. 1998). The fact that the earlier petition was dismissed with prejudice on limitations grounds does not remove the subsequent petition from the second-successive requirements of § 2244(b). *See Hooker v. Sivley*, 187 F.3d 680, 682 (5th Cir. 1999). *Compare Gonzalez v. Crosby*, 125 S.Ct. 2641, 2648 n.6 (2005). Thus, before such a petition is filed in federal district court, the petitioner must move in the appropriate court of appeals for an order authorizing the district court to consider the application. 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3).

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From the face of this petition and court records, of which this court takes judicial notice, it

is apparent that this is a successive petition filed without authorization from the Fifth Circuit Court

of Appeals. See 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(1)-(3). This Court is, therefore, without jurisdiction to

consider the petition. Id.; Hooker, 187 F.3d at 681-82.

Accordingly, this action is DISMISSED without prejudice to seeking authorization from the

court of appeals to proceed in this Court on any new claims.

Petitioner has not made a substantial showing that "jurists of reason would find it debatable

whether the petition states a valid claim of the denial of a constitutional right," and that such jurists

"would find it debatable whether the district court was correct in its procedural ruling." Beazley v.

Johnson, 242 F.3d 248, 263 (5th Cir. 2001) (quoting Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000)).

For this reason, this court finds that a certificate of appealability should not issue in this case.

Petitioner's application to proceed in forma pauperis (Docket Entry No.3) is DENIED.

SIGNED at Houston, Texas, on March 7, 2006.

MELINDA HARMON

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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